







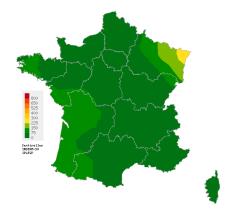


Observed situation in general practice for the week 19 of the year 2024, from 05/06/2024 to 05/12/2024

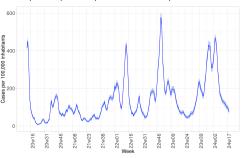
### **Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI)**

Covid-19, Influenza and other respiratory viruses

Low activity in general practice



Spatial interpolation map of incidence rates at department level



Incidence rates by week

In mainland France, last week (2024w19), the incidence rate of ARI cases consulting in general practice was estimated at 75 cases per 100,000 population (95% Ct [61: 89])

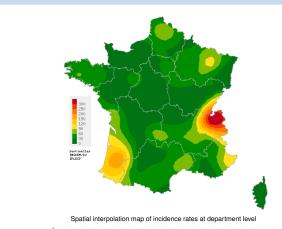
Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **slightly decreasing** compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w18: 92 [80; 104]).

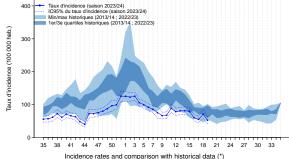
You will find more detailed information on ARI on page 2 and complete national and regional data on page 3 of this bulletin.

ARI are caused by a variety of respiratory viruses including SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19), influenza viruses, and other respiratory viruses such as RSV, rhinovirus and metapneumovirus. The purpose of ARI surveillance is to monitor outbreaks of these virus.

#### **Acute diarrhea**

Low activity in general practice





In mainland France, last week (2024w19), the incidence rate of acute diarrhea cases

seen in general practice was estimated at 52 cases per 100,000 population (95% CI [41; 63]).

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **eligibly decreasing** compared to the

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **slightly decreasing** compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w18: 71 [57; 85]) and corresponds to a **low activity level** compared to those usually observed at this time of the year.

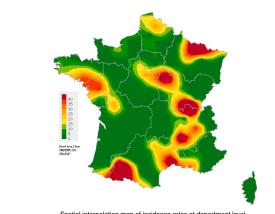
Complete national and regional data are available on the last page of this bulletin.

The purpose of acute diarrhea surveillance is to monitor gastroenteritis outbreaks.

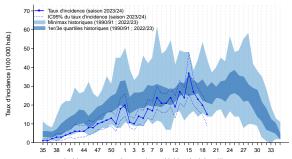
(\*) Incidences of acute diarrhea were greatly reduced march 2020 and august 2021 by containment and sanitary measures to control the Covid-19 pandemic. They are not included in historical comparisons.

### Chickenpox

Low activity in general practice



Spatial interpolation map of incidence rates at department level



Incidence rates and comparison with historical data (\*)

In mainland France, last week (2024w19), the incidence rate of Chickenpox cases seen in general practice was estimated at 15 cases per 100,000 population (95% CI [9: 21])

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **decreasing** compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w18: 20 [15; 25]) and corresponds to a **low activity level** compared to those usually observed at this time of the year.

Complete national and regional data are available on the last page of this bulletin.

(\*) Incidences of Chickenpox cases during the 2019/2020 and 2020/2021 seasons were greatly reduced by the Covid-19 pandemic containment and health measures. They are not included in historical comparisons.





# **Sentinelles**





Observed situation in general practice for the week 19 of the year 2024, from 05/06/2024 to 05/12/2024

### Acute respiratory infection (ARI) - Additional data

# Modalities of ARI monitoring by the Sentinelles Network

Every year, viruses with respiratory tropism circulate in mainland France causing acute respiratory infections (ARI). These viruses are mainly SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19), respiratory syncytial virus (RSV), influenza viruses, rhinovirus and metapneumovirus.

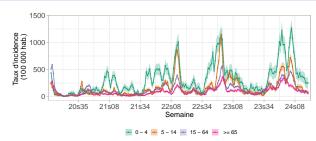
In order to carry out this surveillance, Sentinel general practitioners have been reporting the number of cases of acute respiratory infection (ARI) seen in consultation (or teleconsultation), according to the following definition: **sudden onset of fever (or feeling of fever) and respiratory signs.** 

Descriptive data are also collected for each patient, including the results of laboratory diagnostic tests for Covid-19 (RT-PCR or antigenic test).

Virological surveillance is also carried out between October and April by Sentinel general practitioners and pediatricians, and general practitioners from the University department of general practice of Rouen. Each week, a sample of patients consulting for an ARI is taken, in order to identify different respiratory viruses and monitor their circulation.

From this clinical and virological information, it is possible to estimate the number of Covid-19 cases among ARI cases seen in general medical consultations.

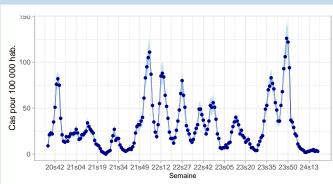
# ARI incidence rates by age groups



Weekly national incidence rates of ARI by age groups

Last week (2024w19), subject to future data consolidation, incidence rate was stable in the 0-4 and 5-14 age groups, and slightly decreasing in the 15-64 and 65 and above age groups compared to the previous week.

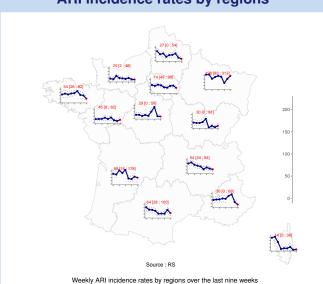
# Estimated incidence of Covid-19 cases seen in general practice



ARI incidence rate due to SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19) observed in general practice since 2020w37

Las week 2024w19, the incidence rate of Covid-19 cases seen in general consultations for ARI has been estimated at **3 cases per 100,000**population (95% CI [1; 4]) corresponding to 1,924[911; 2,937] new cases. This rate was **stable** in all age groups.

### ARI incidence rates by regions



# Description of IRA cases seen in general practice

Last week (2024w19), **143** cases of ARI were reported by Sentinelles general practitioners. Of these, 102 (71% of reported cases) were described and had the following characteristics:

- Median age: 33 years (range from 11 months to 95 years old);
- Male/female sex-ratio: 0.86 (44/51);
- Risk factors: 16% (14/88) had risk factors for complications;
- **Hospitalization**: 1% (IC 95% [0; 3]]) of patients were hospitalized after the consultation (1/90).

#### In conclusion

Last week (2024w19), subject to future data consolidation:

- the incidence of **ARI** cases seen in general practice was **still decreasing** and was at a **low level of activity** (see opposite graphs).
- the incidence of **Covid-19** cases seen in general practice for an ARI was **stable** in all age groups compared to the previous week and was at a **low level of activity**.

Find more information about case definitions, statistical methods and the Sentinelles network on our website





# **Sentinelles**





#### Observed situation in general practice for the week 19 of the year 2024, from 05/06/2024 to 05/12/2024

National incidence rates over the last 3 weeks (per 100,000 inhabitants)	2024w19 (unconsolidated) Incidence rate estimations [95% confidence interval]	2024w18 Incidence rate estimations [95% confidence interval]	2024w17 Incidence rate estimations [95% confidence interval]
Acute Respiratory Infection	75 [61 ; 89]	92 [80 ; 104]	102 [88 ; 116]
Acute diarrhea	52 [41 ; 63]	71 [57 ; 85]	55 [45 ; 65]
Chickenpox	15 [9 ; 21]	20 [15 ; 25]	23 [17 ; 29]

Regional incidence rates for the week 2024w19 (per 100,000 inhabitants)	Acute Respiratory Infection Incidence rate estimations [95% confidence interval]	Acute diarrhea Incidence rate estimations [95% confidence interval]	Chickenpox Incidence rate estimations [95% confidence interval]
Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes	54 [24 ; 84]	115 [22 ; 208]	25 [4 ; 46]
Bourgogne-Franche-Comté	30 [0 ; 81]	13 [0 ; 44]	22 [0 ; 57]
Bretagne	54 [26 ; 82]	50 [11 ; 89]	14 [0 ; 34]
Centre-Val de Loire	29 [0 ; 58]	15 [0 ; 37]	11 [0 ; 29]
Corse	14 [0 ; 38]	14 [0 ; 38]	0 [0 ; 0]
Grand Est	198 [83 ; 313]	54 [18 ; 90]	19 [0 ; 41]
Hauts-de-France	27 [0 ; 54]	66 [23 ; 109]	17 [0 ; 39]
Ile-de-France	74 [49 ; 99]	32 [17 ; 47]	3 [0 ; 7]
Normandie	25 [2 ; 48]	5 [0 ; 13]	3 [0 ; 9]
Nouvelle-Aquitaine	98 [18 ; 178]	79 [17 ; 141]	2 [0 ; 7]
Occitanie	64 [28 ; 100]	50 [17 ; 83]	19 [0 ; 40]
Pays de la Loire	45 [8 ; 82]	17 [0 ; 37]	18 [0 ; 44]
Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur	30 [0 ; 69]	36 [11 ; 61]	14 [0 ; 47]

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https://www.sentiweb.fr/france/fr/inscrire

#### **French Sentinel network**

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Since 1984, the "réseau Sentinelles" or Sentinelles network has been a research and health monitoring network in primary care (general medicine and paediatrics) in metropolitan France. The participation of physicians is voluntary. Currently, 582 physicians participate in the continuous surveillance activity (543 general practitioners and 39 paediatricians), allowing the production of weekly epidemiological reports.

Heads of Sentinel Network: Olivier Steichen, Thierry Blanchon

Publication: Yves Dorléans

Information system & biostatistics : Clément Turbelin
Monitoring manager : Marion Debin, Caroline Guerrisi

Regional branches	Heads	
Auvergne-Rhône-Alpes,	Marianne Sarazin	
Bourgogne-Franche-Comté		
Centre-Val de Loire,	Thierry Prazuck	
Pays de la Loire	THICH Y FIAZUCK	
Corse	Alessandra Falchi	
PACA	David Darmon	
Grand Est	Daouda Niaré	
Ile-de-France, Hauts-de-France	Mathilde François	
Bretagne, Normandie	Marie Pouquet	
Nouvelle-Aquitaine, Occitanie	Maryse Lapeyre-Mestre	

See all the team - Ours partners

## Envie de participer à la veille sanitaire ?



Devenez acteur de la surveillance du Covid-19! Pas besoin d'être malade pour participer! Inscrivez-vous sur https://www.covidnet.fr/