Primary care epidemiological surveillance bulletin

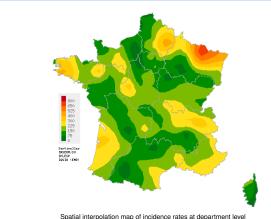
Observed situation in general practice for the week 42 of the year 2024, from 10/14/2024 to 10/20/2024

Sentinelles

Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI)

Covid-19, Influenza and other respiratory viruses

Moderate activity in general practice



Spatial interpolation map of incidence rates at department leve



Incidence rates and comparison with historical data (*)

In mainland France, last week (2024w42), the incidence rate of acute respiratory infection (ARI) cases consulting in general practice was estimated at 213 cases per 100,000 population (95% CI [205; 221]).

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is slightly decreasing compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w41: 243 [235; 251]).

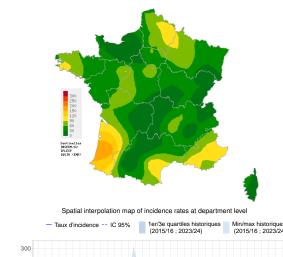
You will find more detailed information on ARI on page 2 and 3 of this bulletin, and complete regional data on page 4.

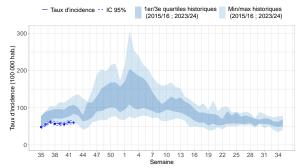
ARI are caused by a variety of respiratory viruses including SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19), influenza viruses, and other respiratory viruses such as RSV, rhinovirus and metapneumovirus. The purpose of ARI surveillance is to monitor outbreaks of these virus.

Data sources: Sentinelles and Electronic Medical Records (EMR) IQVIA

Acute diarrhea

Low activity in general practice





Incidence rates and comparison with historical data (*)

In mainland France, last week (2024w42), the incidence rate of acute diarrhea cases seen in general practice was estimated at 60 cases per 100,000 population (95% CI

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is stable compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w41: 61 [57; 66]) and corresponds to a low activity level compared to those usually observed at this time of the year.

Complete regional data are available on the fourth page of this bulletin.

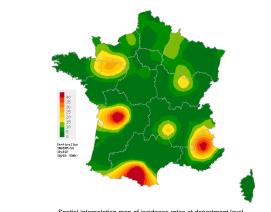
The purpose of acute diarrhea surveillance is to monitor gastroenteritis

(*) Incidences of acute diarrhea were greatly reduced march 2020 and august 2021 by containment and sanitary measures to control the Covid-19 pandemic. They are not included in historical comparisons.

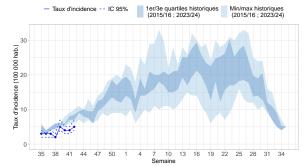
Data sources: Sentinelles and Electronic Medical Records (EMR) IQVIA

Chickenpox

Low activity in general practice



Spatial interpolation map of incidence rates at department



Incidence rates and comparison with historical data (*

In mainland France, last week (2024w42), the incidence rate of Chickenpox cases seen in general practice was estimated at 5 cases per 100,000 population (95% CI

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is stable compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w41: 4 [3; 5]) and corresponds to a lower activity level than those usually observed at this time of the year.

Complete regional data are available on the fourth page of this bulletin.

(*) Incidences of Chickenpox cases during the 2019/2020 and 2020/2021 seasons were greatly reduced by the Covid-19 pandemic containment and health measures. They are not included in historical comparisons.

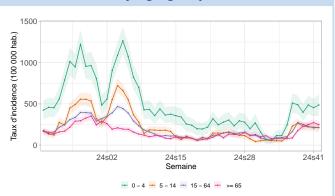
Data sources: Sentinelles and Electronic Medical Records (EMR) IQVIA

Acute respiratory infection (ARI) - Additional data

Observed situation in general practice for the week 42 of the year 2024, from 10/14/2024 to 10/20/2024

Sentinelles

ARI incidence rates by age groups



Weekly national incidence rates of ARI by age groups

Last week (2024w42), subject to future data consolidation, incidence rates were estimated at:

- 0-4 age group: 487 cases per 100 000 population (95% CI [356; 618]) (consolidated data 2024w41: 454 [348; 560]);
- 5-14 age group: 211 cases per 100 000 population (95% CI [155; 267]) (consolidated data 2024w41: 218 [170; 266]);
- -15-64 age group: 215 cases per 100 000 population (95% CI [190; 240]) (consolidated data 2024w41: 208 [187; 229]);
- 65 and above age group: 248 cases per 100 000 population (95% CI [203; 293]) (consolidated data 2024w41: 273 [233; 313]).

Incidence rates were slightly decreasing in the 65+ age group and **stable** in the other age groups compared to the previous week.

Data source: Sentinelles

Description of IRA cases seen in general practice

Last week (2024w42), 575 cases of ARI were reported by Sentinelles general practitioners. Of these, 476 (83% of reported cases) were described and had the following characteristics:

- Median age: 40 years (range from 3 months to 97 years);
- Male/female sex-ratio: 0.76 (197/259);
- Risk factors: 20% (88/448) had risk factors for complications:
- Hospitalization: 1% (95% CI [0.2; 2]) of patients were hospitalized after the consultation (6/450).

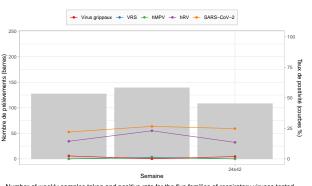
Data source: Sentinelles

Description of Covid-19 cases presenting ARI seen in general practice

Since week 2024w41, the 259 Covid-19 described cases with an acute respiratory infection had the following characteristics:

- Median age: 61 years (range from 3 months to 102 years);
- Male/female sex-ratio: 0.54 (89/165);
- Risk factors: 28% (70/249) had risk factors for complications;
- Hospitalization: 1% (3/251) of patients were hospitalized after the consultation.

Circulation of respiratory viruses in general practice and pediatric



Number of weekly samples taken and positive rate for the five families of respiratory viruses tested

Virological surveillance of ARI began on Monday. September 30 (2024w40).

Last week (2024w42), 108 patients presenting an ARI and seen in general practice or pediatric consultations were tested. The rates of positivity of samples for the various viruses tested were as follows:

- SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19): 25% (26/105) (consolidated data for 2024w41: 27% (37/139));
- Rhinovirus: 14% (14/104) (consolidated data for 2024w41: 23% (32/139)):
- Influenza viruses: 2% (2/107) (consolidated data for 2024w41: 0% (0/139));
- Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV): 0% (0/102) (consolidated data for 2024w41: 1% (2/139)):
- **Metapneumovirus: 0%** (0/104) (consolidated data for 2024w41: 1% (1/139)).

Data sources: Sentinelles, DUMG Rouen et Côte d'Azur, SOS

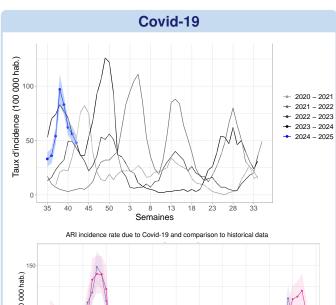
Médecins

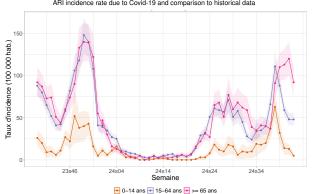
Data source: Sentinelles

Covid-19. RSV and influenza

Observed situation in general practice for the week 42 of the year 2024, from 10/14/2024 to 10/20/2024

Sentinelles



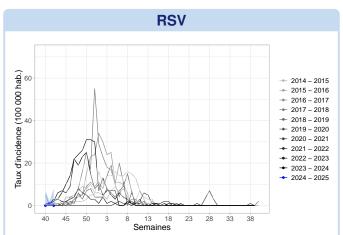


Incidence rate of ARI cases due to Covid-19 by age groups

Last week (2024w42), the incidence rate of **Covid-19** cases seen in general practice for an ARI was estimated at **48 cases per 100,000 population** (95% CI [42; 55]), corresponding to 32,199 [27,917; 36,481] new cases.

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate was **decreasing** compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w41: 56 [49; 63]).

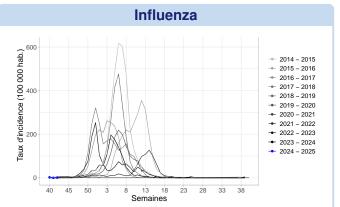
By age groups, the incidence rates were slightly decreasing in the 0-14 and in the 65+ age groups, and stable in the 15-64 age group, compared to the previous week.



Incidence rate of RSV cases in general practice since 2024w40 and comparison to historical data

Last week (2024w42), the incidence rate of **RSV** cases (the virus responsible for most cases of bronchiolitis in infants) seen in general practice for an ARI was estimated at **0** cases per **100,000** population (95% CI [0; 8]).

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **stable** compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w41: 2 [0; 5], corresponding to 1,656 [292; 3,020] new cases).



Incidence rate of influenza cases in general practice since 2024w40 and comparison to historical data Last week (2024w42), the incidence rate of **influenza** cases seen in general practice for an ARI was estimated at **2 cases per 100,000 population** (95% CI [0; 4]), corresponding to 1,591 [225; 2,957] new cases. Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **stable** compared to the previous week (consolidated data 2024w41: 0 [0; 6]).

Data sources: Sentinelles, DUMG Rouen et Côte d'Azur, SOS Médecins

In conclusion

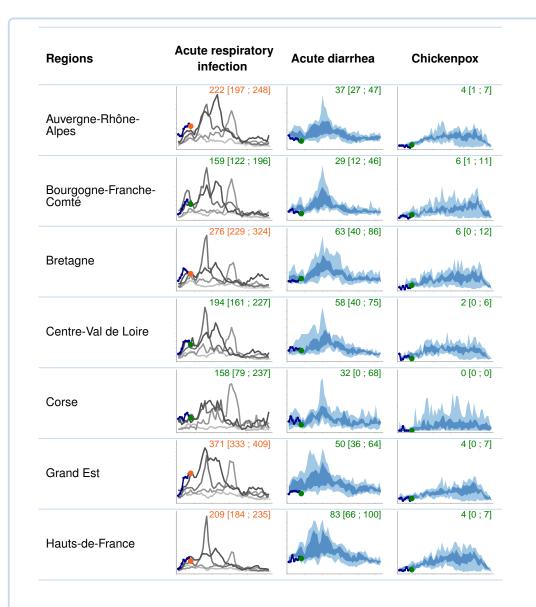
Last week (2024w42), subject to future data consolidation:

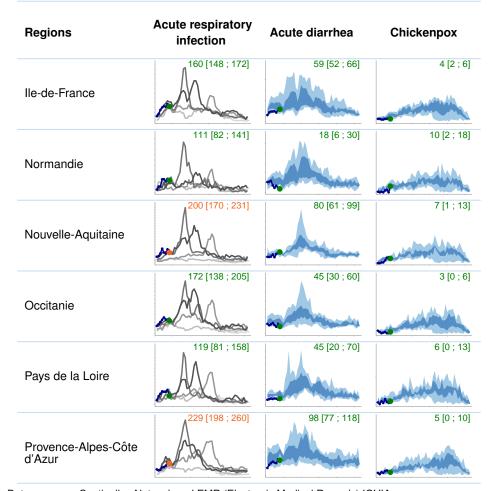
- ARI: the incidence of cases seen in general practice was slightly decreasing compared to the previous week and was at a moderate level of activity.
- Covid-19: the incidence of Covid-19 cases seen for an ARI in general practice was decreasing compared to the previous week and has been for 4 weeks. Nevertheless, the incidence remained high among those aged 15 and over.
- RSV: No active circulation of RSV was observed in primary care. This level of activity is **similar** to previous seasons at the same period.
- **Grippe**: **No active circulation** of influenza viruses was observed in primary care. This level of activity is **similar** to previous seasons at the same period.

You can find the Santé Publique France epidemiological bulletin with all surveillance data (ambulatory and hospital) on ARI by clicking here.

Data sources: Sentinelles, DUMG Rouen et Côte d'Azur, SOS Médecins







Data sources: Sentinelles Network and EMR (Electronic Medical Records) IQVIA

Activity levels

- Low activity
- Moderate activity
- High activity

For the three indicators, the blue curve corresponds to the change in the incidence rate per 100,000 population for the current year. For ARI, previous years (since 2020) are shown with the grey curves. For acute diarrhea and chickenpox, the distribution of weekly incidence rates for the 10 previous years is shown in blue, with quartiles in dark and minimum/maximum values in light. This representation enables current trends to be compared with historical data. The value of the last point and its confidence interval are shown at the top of each graph. Different scales are used for different indicators.

General organization and partners

Sentinelles

Surveillance organisation

Under the aegis of Santé publique France, surveillance in general practice in mainland France is moving towards the integration and joint analysis of data from different networks.

The epidemiological surveillance data published in this bulletin come from several complementary networks of general physicians:

- The Sentinelles network, coordinated by the Institut Pierre Louis of Epidemiology and Public Health (iPLESP) under the supervision of Sorbonne University and Inserm;
- and the EMR (Electronic Medical Records) database. managed by IQVIA.

During the enhanced respiratory infection surveillance season (September to April), data are also collected from physicians in the network coordinated by the general medicine departments of the University of Rouen and the Côte d'Azur University.

All these collected data are analysed jointly. They provide more reliable on a finer geographical scale, while limiting consolidation from one week to the next.

Current monitoring concerns nine health indicators with three of them being published each week in this bulletin:

You can find more information about the organization of this surveillance, the number of participating physicians, the methods used, scientific publications and partnerships on the Sentinelles network website: www.sentiweb.fr

Information and contacts

The Sentinelles team is composed of epidemiologists. statisticans, physicians, IT specialists and technicians.

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Partners and supervisory bodies

Partners & data sources

























Supervisory bodies of Sentinelles network







French General Practionner or Paediatrician?



Get involved in research and health monitoring in primary care by joining the Sentinelles network (become a Sentinelles doctor)!

THERE IS ALSO GENERAL POPULATION MONITORING



Join the participatory cohort for monitoring Covid-19 and influenza by registering at https://www.grippenet.fr

You don't need to be a healthcare professional to take part!