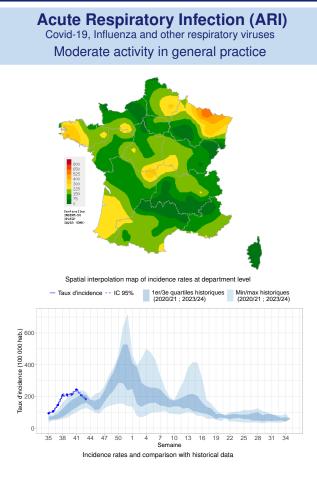
Primary care epidemiological surveillance bulletin

Observed situation in general practice for the week 43 of the year 2024, from 10/21/2024 to 10/27/2024

Sentinelles



In mainland France, last week (2024w43), the incidence rate of acute respiratory infection (ARI) cases consulting in general practice was estimated at 183 cases per 100,000 population (95% CI [175; 190]).

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **decreasing** compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w42: 207 [199; 215]).

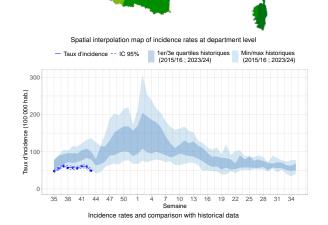
ARI are caused by a variety of respiratory viruses including SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19), influenza viruses, and other respiratory viruses such as RSV, rhinovirus and metapneumovirus. The purpose of ARI surveillance is to monitor outbreaks of these virus.

You can find the french "Santé Publique France epidemiological bulletin" with all surveillance data (ambulatory and hospital) on ARI by clicking here.

Data sources: Sentinelles, Electronic Medical Records (EMR) IQVIA



Acute diarrhea



In mainland France, last week (2024w43), the incidence rate of acute diarrhea cases seen in general practice was estimated at 49 cases per 100,000 population (95% CI [45; 54]).

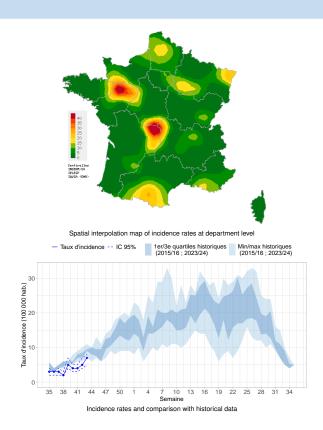
Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **slightly decreasing** compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w42: 60 [55; 64]) and corresponds to a **lower activity level** than those usually observed at this time of the year.

The purpose of acute diarrhea surveillance is to monitor gastroenteritis outbreaks.

(*) Incidences of acute diarrhea were greatly reduced march 2020 and august 2021 by containment and sanitary measures to control the Covid-19 pandemic. They are not included in historical comparisons.

Data sources: Sentinelles, Electronic Medical Records (EMR) IQVIA

Chickenpox Low activity in general practice



In mainland France, last week (2024w43), the incidence rate of Chickenpox cases seen in general practice was estimated at 7 cases per 100,000 population (95% CI [5;8]).

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **slightly increasing** compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w42: 5 [4; 7]) and corresponds to a **low activity level** compared to those usually observed at this time of the year.

(*) Incidences of Chickenpox cases during the 2019/2020 and 2020/2021 seasons were greatly reduced by the Covid-19 pandemic containment and health measures. They are not included in historical comparisons.

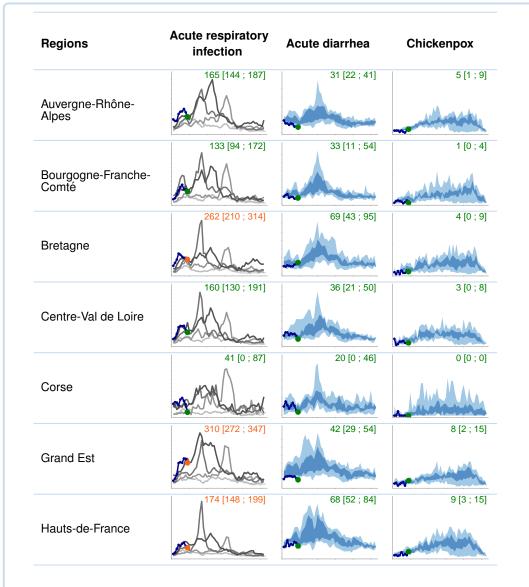
Data sources: Sentinelles, Electronic Medical Records (EMR) IQVIA

Find more information about <u>case definitions</u>, <u>statistical methods</u> and the Sentinelles network on <u>our website</u>

Incidence rates by french region

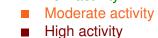
Observed situation in general practice for the week 43 of the year 2024, from 10/21/2024 to 10/27/2024

Sentinelles



Regions	Acute respiratory infection	Acute diarrhea	Chickenpox
lle-de-France	160 [148 ; 173]	40 [34 ; 46]	5 [3 ; 7]
	79 [55 ; 103]	24 [11 ; 37]	5 [0 ; 11]
Normandie	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	- Aline	-
Nouvelle-Aquitaine	187 [155 ; 219]	71 [52 ; 89]	4 [0 ; 8]
Occitanie	145 [118 ; 172]	46 [29 ; 63]	5 [1 ; 9]
Pays de la Loire		20 [5 ; 35]	14 [1 ; 27]
Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur	167 [140 ; 194]	87 [67 ; 108]	12 [4 ; 19]

Activity levelsLow activity

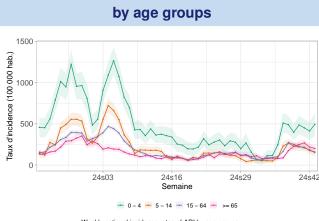


For the three indicators, the blue curve corresponds to the change in the incidence rate per 100,000 population for the current year. For ARI, previous years (since 2020) are shown with the grey curves. For acute diarrhea and chickenpox, the distribution of weekly incidence rates for the 10 previous years is shown in blue, with quartiles in dark and minimum/maximum values in light. This representation enables current trends to be compared with historical data. The value of the last point and its confidence interval are shown at the top of each graph. Different scales are used for different indicators.

Acute respiratory infection (ARI) - Additional data

Observed situation in general practice for the week 43 of the year 2024, from 10/21/2024 to 10/27/2024

Sentinelles



ARI incidence rates

Weekly national incidence rates of ARI by age groups

Last week (2024w43), subject to future data consolidation, incidence rates were estimated at:

- **0-4 age group**: 495 cases per 100 000 population (95% CI [355; 635]) (consolidated data for 2024w42: 413 [307; 519]);

- **5-14 age group**: 160 cases per 100 000 population (95% CI [108; 212]) (consolidated data for 2024w42: 176 [131; 221]);

- **15-64 age group** : 152 cases per 100 000 population (95% CI [130; 174]) (consolidated data for 2024w42: 185 [165; 205]);

- **65 and above age group** : 202 cases per 100 000 population (95% CI [159; 245) (consolidated data for 2024w42: 219 [181; 257]).

Incidence rates were **slightly decreasing** in the 5-14, 15-64 and 65 and above age groups, and **stable** in the 0-4 age group compared to the previous week.

Description of IRA cases seen in general practice

Last week (2024w43), 393 cases of ARI were reported by Sentinelles general practitioners. Of these, 315 (80% of reported cases) were described and had the following characteristics:

- Median age: 39 years (range from 3 months to 95 years);
- Male/female sex-ratio: 0.76 (131/172);
- Risk factors: 23% (66/291) had risk factors for complications;
- **Hospitalization**: 1.4% (95% CI [0; 2.7]) of patients were hospitalized after the consultation (4/295).

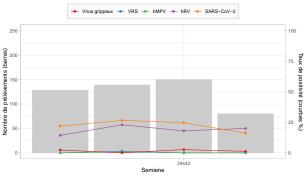
Data source: Sentinelles

Description of Covid-19 cases presenting ARI seen in general practice

Since week 2024w42, the **171 Covid-19 described cases** with an ARI had the following characteristics:

- Median age: 56 years (range from 4 months to 95 years);
- Male/female sex-ratio: 0.5 (56/112);
- Risk factors: 26% (42/162) had risk factors for complications;
- **Hospitalization**: 0.6% (1/166) of patients were hospitalized after the consultation.

Circulation of respiratory viruses in general practice and pediatric



Number of weekly samples taken and positive rate for the five families of respiratory viruses tested

Since 2024w40, **497** samples have been tested as part of virological surveillance of ARI 2024/2025.

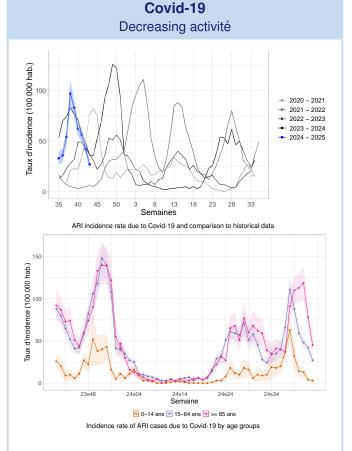
Last week (2024w43), **80 patients** presenting an ARI and seen in general practice or pediatric consultations were tested. The rates of positivity of samples for the various viruses tested were as follows:

- **Rhinovirus**: **20%** (16/80) (consolidated data for 2024w42: 18% (27/150));
- **SARS-CoV-2 (Covid-19)**: **16%** (13/80) (consolidated data for 2024w42: 25% (37/150));
- Influenza viruses: 1% (1/80) (consolidated data for 2024w42: 3% (4/150));
- **Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV): 0%** (0/80) (consolidated data for 2024w42: 0% (0/150));
- **Metapneumovirus**: **0%** (0/80) (consolidated data for 2024w42: 0% (0/150)).

Covid-19, RSV and influenza

Observed situation in general practice for the week 43 of the year 2024, from 10/21/2024 to 10/27/2024

Sentinelles

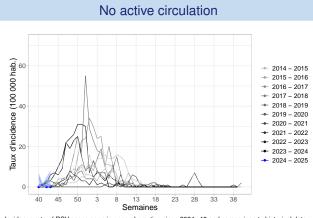


Last week (2024w43), the incidence rate of **Covid-19** cases seen in general practice for an ARI was estimated at **27 cases per 100,000 population** (95% CI [22; 32]), corresponding to 17,906 [14,360; 21,452] new cases.

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **decreasing** compared to the previous week (data consolidated for 2024w42: 42 [37; 47]).

By age groups, the incidence rates were **decreasing** in the 15-64 and 65 and above age groups, and stable in the 0-14 age group compared to those of the previous week.

Data sources: Sentinelles, DUMG Rouen and Côte d'Azur, SOS Médecins



RSV

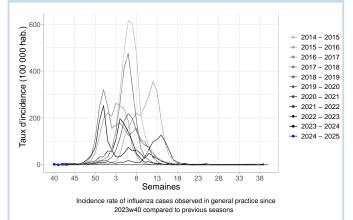
Incidence rate of RSV cases seen in general practice since 2024w40 and comparison to historical data

Last week (2024w43), the incidence rate of **RSV** (*the virus responsible for most cases of bronchiolitis in infants*) cases seen in general practice for an ARI was estimated at **0 cases per 100,000 population** (95% CI [0; 8]).

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **stable** compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w42: 0 [0; 5]).

No active circulation of RSV was observed in primary care this week. This level of activity was lower than the ones observed in the last two seasons at the same time, but similar to previous seasons.





Last week (2024w43), the incidence rate of **influenza** cases seen in general practice for an ARI was estimated at **2 cases per 100,000 population** (95% CI [0; 4]), corresponding to 1,191 [0; 2,644] new cases.

Subject to future data consolidation, this rate is **stable** compared to the previous week (consolidated data for 2024w42: 4 [2; 6], corresponding to 2,628 [1,025; 4,231] new cases).

No active circulation of influenza viruses was observed in primary care this week. This level of activity is **similar** to previous seasons at the same period.

Data sources: Sentinelles, DUMG Rouen and Côte d'Azur, SOS Médecins

Sentinelles

Surveillance organisation

Under the aegis of Santé publique France, surveillance in general practice in mainland France is moving towards the integration and joint analysis of data from different networks.

The epidemiological surveillance data published in this bulletin come from several complementary networks of general physicians:

- The Sentinelles network, coordinated by the Institut Pierre Louis of Epidemiology and Public Health (iPLESP) under the supervision of Sorbonne University and Inserm;

- and the EMR (Electronic Medical Records) database. managed by IQVIA.

During the enhanced respiratory infection surveillance season (September to April), data are also collected from physicians in the network coordinated by the general medicine departments of the University of Rouen and the Côte d'Azur University.

All these collected data are analysed jointly. They provide more reliable on a finer geographical scale, while limiting consolidation from one week to the next.

Current monitoring concerns nine health indicators , with three of them being published each week in this bulletin:

You can find more information about the organization of this surveillance, the number of participating physicians, the methods used, scientific publications and partnerships on the Sentinelles network website: www.sentiweb.fr

Information and contacts

The Sentinelles team is composed of epidemiologists. statisticans, physicians, IT specialists and technicians.

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IT Biostatistics Clément Turbelin

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Partners and supervisory bodies

Partners & data sources











SANTÉ

SORBONNE

UNIVERSITÉ



Supervisory bodies of Sentinelles network

Inserm

La science pour la santé

French General Practionner or Paediatrician ?



Get involved in research and health monitoring in primary care by joining the Sentinelles network (become a Sentinelles doctor) !

THERE IS ALSO GENERAL POPULATION MONITORING



Join the participatory cohort for monitoring Covid-19 and influenza by registering at https://www.grippenet.fr

You don't need to be a healthcare professional to take part!